FORM FOR RECORDING ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT PLAN

Abbreviated . Objective		Learning Behavior to Be Assessed	Assessment Instruments			
j		•				
2						
3						
1			•			
5	*					



7. DEVELOP DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

Definition: DATA COLLECTION—The act of obtaining data from or about program participants by means of a specified procedure or set of procedures

EXAMPLE	
Data Collection Procedures	<u>Date</u>
1. Training staff and faculty in test administration a d scoring procedures	Sept. 25
2. Select random sample of students to be assessed	Sept. 10
3. Administer the test according to the standardized instructions in the test manual	Oct. 5-16
4. Monitor testing and assemble completed instruments	Oct. 5-16
	 Data Collection Procedures Training staff and faculty in test administration a d scoring procedures Select random sample of students to be assessed Administer the test according to the standardized instructions in the test manual Monitor testing and assemble completed

WHAT ARE YOU EXPECTED TO DEVELOP FOR THIS SECTION?

• A list of data collection procedures for each assessment instrument

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INSTRUCTIONS

1. Refer to the previous section on Identifying Assessment Instruments, page 35. List the instruments you have selected on the form on page 42 under the appropriate category (i.e., achievement tests, observation instruments, question-paires, checklists/logs).

Check to/see if there is a test administration manual for each instrument.

If there is a manual available for any of the instruments, determine whether standard instructions are available for administering the instruments and scoring the results. Check the appropriate columns for each instrument.

- 2. If there are standard instructions for administering and scoring the assessment instruments you will be using, label each test administration manual with the number of the program objective to be assessed (i.e., program objective 1). Have the manuals available for future reference.
- 3. Determine when the assessment instruments will be used to collect data and who will be responsible for collecting the data (who will be administering the instruments). Record this information on the form on page 43.

After completing the form, proceed to the next section on page 45.

- 4. If there is no manual of instructions for administering a selected or developed instrument, or if the instructions are incomplete, you will have to develop a set of instructions. Use the guide below to assist you in developing a set of procedures.
 - · A precise set of directions for administering the instrument
 - A precise set of directions for scoring the instrument
 - Specification of the population for which the instrument is intended
 - Specification of time required to administer the instrument
 - Specification of the conditions required for the administration of the instrument such as room environment, grouping, etc.

After you have drafted a set of data collection procedures, have someone in your program review them to see if the procedures are clear and concise. Make revisions if required.

Record data collection procedures, dates, and personnel on page 43.

After completing the form, proceed to the next section on page 45.

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WHAT YOU ACCOMPLISHED IF YOU COMPLETED THIS SECTION

- Determined if star, and instructions are available for selected assessment instruments,
- Developed a set of instructions if they were not already available
- Recorded data collection procedures, dates, and personnel

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FORM FOR LISTING ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENTS

List the assessment instruments you selected to evaluate your programs and place a check in the appropriate column.

			nstructions lable for:
Assessment Instruments	i i	Administration	Scoring
Achievement Tests—Norm-Referenced 1. 2. 3. 4.	ı		
Achievement Tests—Criterion-Referenced 1. 2. 3. 4.			
Observation Instruments 1. 2. 3. 4.			
Questionnaire 1. 2. 3. 4.			
Checklists/Logs 1. 2. 3	,		

FORM FOR RECORDING DATA COLLECTION PLAN

Assessment Instrument and Objective	Data Collection Procedures	Dates	Per for	
0				
		ing the	\$ e * .	
			,	
	<u>.</u>			
			,	



8. SELECT DATA ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES

Definition: DATA ANALYSIS TECHNIQUE—A procedure applied to a set of data for purposes of summarization or display.

EXAMPLES

BASIC DESCRIPTIVE STATISTICS

- Arithmetic mean—computing the average score
- Median—computing the midpoint in a range of scores
- Standard deviations—computing the variability within a group of scores

MORE COMPLETE INFERENTIAL STATISTICS

- t-test-comparison between two means to tell whether they differ significantly
- Analysis of variance—comparison of several arithmetic means to determine whether the means differ significantly

WHAT ARE YOU EXPECTED TO DEVELOP FOR THIS SECTION?

A recorded data analysis technique for each program objective

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45.

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Reread evaluation section of your program document (if you have one). Determine whether data analysis techniques have been specified.
- 2. If data analysis techniques have been specified, determine whether they are appropriate for each program objective and accompanying evaluation design you selected on page 27 in this workbook. Refer to pages 48 and 49 in this workbook to determine the appropriateness of your techniques.
- 3. If the specified data analysis techniques are appropriate for each program objective, turn to page 47 in this workbook and record them.
- 4. If data analysis techniques are not specified or are inadequate, you will have to select appropriate ones. Refer to the chart on pages 48 and 49 in this workbook for information that will help you in making an appropriate selection.
- 5. Record the data analysis techniques you have selected on the form on page 47.
- 6. Proceed to the next section of page 51.

WHAT YOU ACCOMPLISHED IF YOU COMPLETED THIS SECTION

- Identified whether data analysis techniques had been specified
- If they had not been specified, you were able to select appropriate analysis techniques based on the program objectives
 and evaluation design.

FORM FOR RECORDING DATA ANALYSIS PLAN

List all the data analysis techniques selected to measure each program objective. There may be more than one technique for each objective if you are using more than one assessment instrument.

	Abbreviated Objective	Assessment Instrument	Selected Data Analysis Technique
2			
3			
4	7	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
5		- v	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

RECOMMENDED DATA ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES FOR SELECTED EVALUATION DESIGNS AND OBJECTIVES

Evaluation Designs	Example of Objectives Specifying an Evaluation Design	Recommended Data Analysis Techniques
Evaluation Designs Using the Special Program (Experimental) Group as a Standard		
One Group Pretest-Posttest	Remedial reading students with 80 percent or better attendance will show a mean gain of 4 months in reading comprehension for every 4 months of instruction. Gain will be measured by the CTBS, Level 3 reading comprehension section.	Derive the arithmetic mean—a descriptive statistic (see statistics book or a consultant for the computational formula)
1.	The median percentile rank for those students at Y School enrolled in the K, 1st, 2nd, 3rd grade reading programs will be 5 points higher for each grade on a May 1975 posttest than on the October 1974 pretest for the same students.	Derive the median—a descriptive statistic (see statistics book or a consultant for the computational formula)
Evaluation Designs Using a Criterion for u Standard		
2. Individual Student Criterion Mastery Design	Every student will correctly respond to 75 percent of the items on the Reading Mastery Test given at the completion of Reading Unit A.	Calculate a percentage—a descriptive statistic (see statistics book or a consultant for the computational formula)



;	Evaluation Designs	Example of Objectives Specifying an Evaluation Design	Recommended Data Analysis Techniques
3.	Group Criterion Mastery Design	Prior to February 1975, 86 percent or moré of the full-time trainees enrolled in Graphic Arts in September 1974 will complete 12 or more of the instructional components.	Calculate a percentage—a descriptive statistic (see statistics book or a consultant for the computational formula)
	luation Designs Using Comparison ups as a Standard		*
4.	Pretest-Posttest Design with Comparison Group (random assignment of students to both groups)	Upon completion of the second year of the experimental math program, students participating in the program will show a statistically significant gain (.05) level from pretest to posttest on the lowa Mathematics Series over those students assigned to the regular math program.	Derive the "t" test on mean posttest scores—an inferential statistic (see statistics book or a consultant for the computational formula)
5.	Posttest Only Design with Comparison Group (random assignment of students to both groups)	Students completing 3 years of the Follow-Through Program will score significantly higher (.05) level on the Illinois Test of Psycholinguistic Abilities than students who received the regular school program for 3 years.	Derive the "t" test on mean posttest scores—an inferential statistic (see statistics book or a consultant for the computational formula)
6.	Pretest-Posttest Design with Nonequivalent Comparison Group (students have not been ran- domly assigned to groups)	After 8 months of instruction, 10th grade students enrolled in the Work Experience Program will show a statistically significant gain (.05) level on the Florida Social Studies Inventory as compared to the scores made by the control group.	Derive the "t" test on change scores— an inferential statistic (see statistics book or a consultant for the computational formula)

9. PLAN FOR THE PROCESSING OF DATA

Definition: PROCESSING OF DATA—The systematic treatment of collected data according to specified procedures

EXAMPLE

XYZ Achievement Test

- Scoring on the primary form to be done by hand
- Grade equivalencies and percentiles for the primary form to be computed by hand
- Scoring on elementary form to be done by computer center
- Grade equivalencies and percentiles for the elementary form to be done by computer
- All statistics to be run on the computer

WHAT ARE YOU EXPECTED TO DEVELOP FOR THIS SECTION?

• A recorded plan for the processing of data

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Check the evaluation section of your program document (if you have one) to determine whether a plan has been developed which specifies: (1) how the data from the assessment tools will be processed (including scoring, tabulation, conversion of raw numbers), (2) how the data analysis techniques will be applied, and (3) who will be responsible for processing the data.
- 2. If a plan has been developed, record it on the form on page 53.
- 3. If there is no plan for the processing of the data to be gathered by the assessment instruments, you will have to develop one.

Turn to the recording from on page 53. List your assessment instruments (use abbreviations where necessary).

Determine what steps will have to be performed in order to process the data your instruments have provided (see the example on page 51). This will include the scoring and tabulation of information responses and how computations are to be performed. Record this information on the form (page 53).

Now determine who will perform the above steps. Will it be classroom teachers? The evaluator? Clerical staff? A test publisher scoring service? Record the information on the recording form (page 53).

4. Proceed to the next section on page 55.

WHAT YOU ACCOMPLISHED IF YOU COMPLETED THIS SECTION

- Identified whether a plan for processing data had been developed
- If no plan had been developed, you were able to develop a plan for processing data gathered from assessment instruments and for computing using specified data analysis techniques.

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FORM FOR RECORDING DATA PROCESSING PLAN

Abbreviated Objective	Assessment Instrument (Abbreviate)	Steps Required to Process Data (see example on page 51)	Persons Responsible for Processing Data		
Objective 1					
			3		
Objective 2					
			<u> </u>		
	· .		<u> </u>		
		<u> </u>			
Objective 3			,		
			`		
Objective 4		Z			
ga*					
Objective 5	1,011				
	<u> </u>		1		



10. DEVELOP PROGRAM-MONITORING PROCEDURES

Definition: PROGRAM MONITORING—Procedures for determining the degree to which planned activities are in fact implemented

In the previous sections, you have been focusing upon the program objectives and on determining appropriate design and procedures. Now you will focus upon the program activities which have been designed to accomplish the program objectives and determine how you will plan to monitor those activities.

ý	1	EXAMPLE	1	,
Activity	•	Monitoring Procedures		<u>Dates</u>
Implementation of the Wilcox Reading Program	•	Monthly classroom visitation using Monitoring Form 2 as a recording device		Monthly Oct-May

WHAT ARE YOU EXPECTED TO DEVELOP FOR THIS SECTION?

- A recorded plan for the monitoring of your program activities
- Forms to use when monitoring those activities



INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Reread the section of your program document which specifies what activities will be conducted for each program objective and determine whether a plan has been developed for monitoring those activities during the year.
- 2. If a monitoring plan has been developed, record it on the form on page 57. If there are many columns left blank, determine the information required and fill in the missing data.
- 3. If a monitoring plan has not been developed, determine what activities you will want to monitor during the operation of the program and list them on the recording form on page 57 in this workbook.
- 4. Determine what types of monitoring forms you will be using to collect information. There are samples of monitoring forms starting on page 59 in this workbook. You may want to adopt or adapt some of them or develop your own forms.

Indicate the forms you will be using by filling out the second column on the recording form on page 57.

- 5. Determine when monitoring will take place and record the information on page 57.
- 6. Finally, you will want to determine who will be doing the monitoring. Indicate those persons in the last column on the recording form on page 57.
- 7. After completing this section proceed to the next section on page 65.

WHAT YOU ACCOMPLISHED IF YOU COMPLETED THIS SECTION

- Determined whether a monitoring plan existed for your program ...
- If it did not exist, you were able to develop a plan
- Selected monitoring forms to use in implementing the monitoring plan

1.3

FORM FOR RECORDING MONITORING PLAN

	Activities to be Monitored	Observation Instrument to be Used	Monitoring Dates	Person(s) Responsible for Monitoring
		- 1	^	
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			-	
	**************************************	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9	

SAMPLE MONITORING FORMS



SAMPLE MONITORING FORM 1

	Program Activities	Is Activity Place as I	Is Activity Taking Place as Planned?		Evidence Available			·
•		Yes No	Not * Known	Observation	Records	Conference	Othei	None'
ا. ام			□		·		<u> </u>	` []
١.	(List Activities to Be Monitored)	•		,		1	•	
2.			. 🗆					
3.		0 0		, · _ ·				
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EXAMPLE OF HOW TO USE FORM 1

Program Activities	Is Activity Taking Place as Planned?		Evidence Available		,
	Not Yes No Known	Observation	Records Conference	Other Nor	ne
1: Reading instruction in Spanish will be given to each child each day for 20 minutes.	, o , o			·]
2. Each classroom will be responsible for developing 5 language centers.		Ů,		D []
3. Parents will be encouraged to make one classroom visit per month to observe their child's instructional program.]

Note: The above activities are not all instructional. Activities 2 and 3 are program-support activities.

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SAMPLE MONITORING FORM 2

Instructional Activities	Time Allotted per Activity	Activity Conducted according to Program Specifications
		Yes No
1.		,
2		
3.		ے م
4.		
- 5	<u></u>	
6		
7	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	,
8		• •
9.		
10		
11		



EXAMPLE OF HOW TO USE FORM 2

	Instructional Activities	Time Allotted per Activity	· .	according to Pr gram Specificat	0-
				Yes	No
1.	Reading instruction in Spanish will be given to each child each day for a period of 20 min.	20 Min/Day	• •	□ [‡]	
2.	Teachers will instruct their class in the folklore of Mexico.	45 Min/Week	•		
3.	Instruction in math will be given to each child in his/her dominant language.	15 Min/Day			

Note: All of the above activities are instructional. It would not be appropriate to include program-support activities in this element.

11. DEVELOP REPORTING PLAN

Definition: REPORTING—The supplying of evaluation information to decision makers and community members

TYPES OF REPORTING

Interim Reporting—Reporting that takes place during the program. Student progress and/or status of the implementation of program activities is reported.

End-of-the-Year Reporting—Reporting that takes place at the end of the program. Results of the program are compared to program objectives.

EXPECTED PRODUCT

• A recorded plan for reporting evaluation information

INSTRUCTIONS

1. In this workbook, on pages 23 and 24, you have recorded a list of data requirements to be used in the decision-making process. Determine which requirements will necessitate a report, either oral or written.

List the data to be reported on the Form for Recording Your Reporting Plan on page 67. Remember to look for duplications in the data required. You will list the requirement only once on the Reporting Plan form.

- 2. Add the dates to the Reporting Plan form as to when the data is to be required.
- 3. List on the Reporting Plan form all those persons requiring the information.
 - Board members
 - Superintendent
 - Administrators
 - Instructional staff
 - Parent/community advisory committee members
 - Students
 - Community agents, newspaper editors, etc.
- 4. Determine how you will be reporting the evaluation information. Check one or both of the columns under "Mode of Reporting."
- 5. After you have completed the Reporting Plan form verify the data required and the dates with each of the persons designated to receive the information.
- 6. Remember to obtain district clearance on all reports before they are disseminated.
- 7. Turn to the next section on page 69.

WHAT YOU ACCOMPLISHED IF YOU COMPLETED THIS SECTION

Developed a plan for reporting evaluation information.



FORM FOR RECORDING YOUR REPORTING PLAN

Evaluation Data to Be R	leported	Who Is Responsible for Report?	Mode Repor		Rep Form Develo	nat	When Is Report	Who Will Receive the Report?	What Will the Report Data Col. Be Used for?
	•	tor Kepori:	Written	Oral	Yes	No	Due?		be used for?
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12. DEVELOP TIMELINE TO MANAGE THE EVALUATION ACTIVITIES

Definition: TIMELINE—A management tool which graphically shows the functions/tasks to be performed, their time sequence, and the amount of time estimated for completion of each function or task

EXAMPLE

			Month	18		Program Evaluator	Program Director	Instructional Staff	Others
Management Functions	١.	2 `	3	4	5	Pro	Pre	Instru Staff	-Ot
Select evaluation staff	A	A		ā		X	X		
Order materials	A		,	,		X	Χ		

WHAT ARE YOU EXPECTED TO DEVELOP FOR THIS SECTION?

A management tilheline

INSTRUCTIONS

- 1... Now that you have almost finished with planning for the evaluation of your program, you will want to develop a timeline for managing the major evaluation activities. Check your program document (if you have one) to see whether a management timeline for conducting the evaluation has already been developed.
- If a timeline has been developed, review it to determine whether it includes all of the activities that will be important to ging the evaluation. Also, check to see whether the dates and personnel are correct according to your specify for n evaluation p.

If the timeline seems adequate after this review, pull it out of the program document and put it up on a wall where you can refer to it regularly.

management timeline available, you will want to develop one. Since each program evaluation will be 3. If the somewhat ouque, you will have to construct your own timeline. On page 72 is a sample of a timeline and how to fill it out. Use this as a guide for developing your own. On page 73 is a timeline form which you can use to record your management timeline.

On page 74 of this workbook, you will find a list of common evaluation-management functions. Select those functions which apply to your evaluation and list them on the timeline form on page 73. You will want to add some of your own functions which are not listed here.

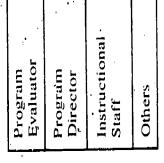
After you have listed the functions in sequential order, indicate the span of time during which each activity will take place and note the completion date. For the former, use the following code:

▲ Function to occur on that date

Function will take place over a period of time (e.g., October 9 - October 15)

List all the personnel involved in the evaluation activities in the spaces provided for personnel at the top of the

timeline. For example:



Check the appropriate boxes after each management function which indicate the persons involved in that function:

Management Functions	Program Evaluator	Program Director	Instructional Staff	Others
Prepare interim reports	X	,	,	
Obtain staff services	X	. X		

- 4. Review the timeline with the appropriate staff members to make sure you have included all of the major evaluation functions. Revise the timeline if changes are required.
 - If the timeline seems adequate after this review, pull it out of the program document and put it up on a wall where you can refer to it regularly.
- 5. Proceed to the next section of this handbook on page 75.

WHAT YOU ACCOMPLISHED IF YOU COMPLETED THIS SECTION

- Determined whether an evaluation timeline existed for your program
- If there was no evaluation timeline, you developed one.

EVALUATION TIMELINE

				"]	Tim		nen t 'ill C		ctivi	ity				aluator	ector			es	Ť
Management Functions	Comple- tion Date	·	2	3	4	(Ju	Mon ly to	July	ţ:	. · . · 9	10	11	12	Program Evaluator	Program Din	Instr. Staff	Principals	Teacher Aides	Clerical Staff
Obtain evaluation staff/services	9/6 .	A	,	A										Χ	Χ				
Order commercial assessment tools	8/15		A											χ					
Adapt nonstandardized assessment tools	8/27	À	4										1	χ			,		
Reproduce adapted tools	9/1		1	A					,										X
Develop data collection procedures	9/8	, i	4	A										χ	,				
Train data collectors	9/10			A							/			X					
Select student assessment sample	9/22			A						-				X			u'		
Complete data collection schedule	9/28 .			À	,,									X	X	X	X	X	
Administer pretest tools	10/14				1				,				,	X		X		X	
Eic.												,				•			
						,					į.		1.						
					<u> </u>					<u> </u>		•							

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FORM FOR RECORDING EVALUATION TIMELINE

	*.			;	·T	ime		en th Il Oc		ti vit	y V			aluator	ector.	Staff		53	<u>.</u>
tio		6. **				•		1onth						Program Evaluator	Program Director.	Instructional Staff	Principals	Teacher Aides	Clerical Staff
Management Functions Da	ate ·	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	.8	9	10	П	12	<u>r</u>	-L	111	P ₁	Ĭ	Ü
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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

SOME EVALUATION MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS

Establish program goals

Establish program objectives

Determine needs

Obtain staff services

Order commercial assessment instruments

Adapt nonstandardized assessment instruments

Develop data collection procedures for local instruments

Select student assessment samples

Conduct inservice training

Complete data collection schedule

Reproduce adapted instruments

Train data collectors

Administer pretest instruments

Score/tabulate data

Analyze data

Monitor program activities

Prepare interim reports

Submit interim reports

Administer posttest instruments

Develop evaluation plan for next year

Prepare summative report

Submit summative report

KEEP A RECORD HERE OF ADDITIONAL MANAGEMENT FUNCTIONS MADE PART OF YOUR PROGRAM EVALUATION TASK

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13. IDENTIFY RESOURCES REQUIRED FOR THE EVALUATION

Definition: RESOURCES—What you have or can get to do the job

TYPES OF RESOURCES

- Personnel
- Materials and Supplies
- Equipment
- Services
- Space -
- Time
- Money

WHAT ARE YOU EXPECTED TO DEVELOP FOR THIS SECTION?

• [A list of resources needed to conduct evaluation plans that are within your budgetary allotments



INSTRUCTIONS

- 1: Review your evaluation plan as developed in this workbook. List the evaluation resources and dollars required to implement your evaluation plan. Use the form on page 77 to record this information.
- 2. After listing required resources and dollars, add the figures in the columns and enter totals in the spaces marked "Total Required"
- 3. Refer to your evaluation budget (if you have one) and locate the amounts budgeted for each of the resource categories (personnel, materials, equipment, services).

Insert the dollar figures you have available in the spaces marked "Total \$ Available."

4. Now add the "Total \$ Required" in the four columns. Write that figure in the space marked "Grand Total Required." Required."

Add the "Total S Available" in the four columns. Write that figure in the space marked "Grand Total Available."

Subtract those grand total figures. Record the difference in the space marked "\$ Difference."

If you are within your allotted budget, congratulations! You will not have to make any changes. Your final planning step will be to obtain approvals on your total plan.

If you are over your allotted budget amount, you will have to resolve the difference. One way to resolve the budget difference is to determine whether it is possible to get more money for your evaluation. If you do get more money and it is enough to cover the total cost of your required resources, you may now proceed to page 79.

If you cannot get any more money for your evaluation, you must now begin to modify your evaluation plans.

Consult with your program staff and other appropriate personnel to help you make revisions and budgetary cuts.

WHAT YOU ACCOMPLISHED IF YOU COMPLETED THIS SECTION

• Analyzed and listed the resources required to conduct an evaluation

FORM FOR RECORDING RESOURCE PLANNING

Evaluation Personnel	\$	Materials	\$	Equipment	\$	Services	' \$
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6.							
e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e			,				
, ,				: -	,		
			ı				
Total \$ Required		Total \$ Required		Total \$ Required		Total \$ Required	
Total \$ Available	-	Total \$ Available		Total \$ Available		Total \$ Available	

Difficience	77
Difference	
Grand Total Available	
Grand Total Required	



H

14. SUMMARY AND WALL CHART

You have now developed an evaluation plan. If you completed this workbook you were helped to:

- Define the purpose of the evaluation
- Review program needs assessment information
- Review program goals and objectives
- Identify data requirements
- Determine evaluation design
- Identify assessment instruments
- Develop data collection procedures
- Select data analysis techniques
- Plan for the processing of data
- Develop program monitoring procedures
- Develop a reporting plan
- Develop a timeline
- Identify required resources

The wall chart accompanying this workbook will serve as a basic management tool during the implementation of the evaluation plan. The next pages provide instructions in how to fill it out.

Final note:

If you have done a thorough job of completing each section of this Workbook, it, too, will prove to be a valuable management tool. Frequent reference to the plans you recorded in the early stages, as those plans materialize, will help keep the program evaluation on track. In a very real sense, the Workbook on Program Evaluation, once completed, is the program evaluator's tool for monitoring his or her own performance as a program evaluator. It will prove valuable also as you start afresh to pursue the next cycle to enhance the quality of education through continuing program improvement.



INSTRUCTIONS FOR FILLING OUT THE WALL CHART

You have already completed planning and recording the evaluation for your program. Key information which will assist you in implementing your plan is now to be transferred from this workbook to your wall chart.

The wall chart contains 11 columns. The information to be written in those columns can be found in this workbook on the pages indicated below:

•	Statements of Need	Pages 12, 13
•	Program Objectives	. Pages 18, 19, 20
•	Evaluation Design	
•	Assessment Tools	Page 38
	Assessment Dates & Personnel	
•	Data Analysis Techniques	Page 47
•	Program Activities to be Monitored	Page 57
•	. Monitoring Dates & Personnel	Page 57
	Key Reporting Dates :	
•	Persons/Agency to Receive Reports	
•	Use to be Made of the Data/Report	Page 67

Page 81 provides you with a sample wall chart with partial entries. Use it as a guide for making and filling out a wall chart of your own.

SAMPLE OF A PARTIALLY COMPLETED WALL CHART

STATEMENTS OF NEED	PROGRAM OBJECTIVES	EVALUA TI(:N DESIGN	ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENT	ASSESSMENT DATES AND PERSONNEL	DATA ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES	PROGRAM ACTIVITIES TO BE MONITORED	MONITORING DATES AND PERSONNEL	KEY REPORTING DATES	PERSONS/ AGENCIES TO RECEIVE REPORTS	USE TO BE MADE OF THE DATA/REPORTS
Need: To increase reading comprehension skills of 3rd & 4th grade students so that they will be at grade level by the end of the 4th instructional year.	75% of the 3rd grade students participating in the ABC Reading Program will score at grade level or above on the CTBS Read- ing Comprehension subtest given after 8 months of specialized instruc- tion	Criterion Mastery Design	Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills Teacher made interim criterion-referenced test	May Evaluator & Assistant September January Classroom teachers	Compute grade equivalency scores & determine & meeting the criteria. Tally of raw scores	activities	Every month Sept. thru May Program Evaluator & Evaluation Assistant		Program Director Advisory Committee Program Director District Supt., Program Director, Board of Educ. Advisory Committee	Baseline information to develop instructional plans. Progress of students Determine whether to modify program. Program Modification
, al	100% of the 4th grade students participating in the ABC Reading program for at least 2 years will score at grade level on the CTBS Reading Comprehension subtest.	Mastery Design	Comprehensive Test of Basic Skills Teacher-made in- terim enterion- referenced test	May January	Compute grade equivalency scores & determine % meeting the criteria.	Usage of learning centers Percent of time allotted to reading instruction	Program Evaluato: & Evaluation As sistent	June Fortest June June June June	Program Director Advisory Committee Program Director Director, Program Director, Pro	tional plans. Progress of students Program Modification Determine whether



INFORMATION ABOUT EIP MATERIALS AND WORKSHOPS

Information about ordering Evaluation Improvement Program materials, about Evaluation Improvement Program workshops that use these materials, or about making arrangements for specially scheduled EIP workshops for local, regional, or state inservice training programs may be obtained by writing or telephoning the Evaluation Improvement Program at Educational Testing Service, Room P-069, Princeton, NJ 08540, (609) 921-9000 or at any of its regional offices listed below.

REGIONAL OFFICES OF EDUCATIONAL TESTING SERVICE

3445 Peachtree Road, NE Suite 1040

Atlanta, Georgia 30326

(404) 262-7634

3724 Jefferson, Suite 100

Austin, Texas 78731

(512) 452-8817

1947 Center Street

Berkeley, California 94704

(415) 849-0950

2200 Merton Avenue

Room 216

Los Angeles, California 90041

(213) 254-5236

960 Grove Street

Evanston, Illinois 60201

(312) 869-7700

GPO Box 1271

San Juan, Puerto Rico 00936

(809) 763-3636, 3640, or 3760

One Dupont Circle

Suite 310

Washington, D.C. 20036

(202) 296-5930

2 Sun Life Executive Park

100 Worcester Road

Wellesley Hills, Massachusetts 02181

(617) 235-8861 or 8860